CONSIDERATIONS IN COACHING THE COMBINED EVENTS

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BACKGROUND

- Combined Events 2005/2006
- Experiential Learning
- Mentors

THEORETICAL FOUNDATION

- Exercise Science
- Counseling Psychology
- Sport Psychology
- Coaching Education
- Mentors

INDOOR COMBINED EVENTS

- Pentathlon
 - 60 Hurdles
 - High Jump
 - Shot put
 - Long Jump
 - 800m

- Heptathlon
- Day 1
 - 60m
 - Long Jump
 - Shot put
 - High Jump
- Day 2
 - 60m Hurdles
 - Pole Vault
 - 1000m

OUTDOOR COMBINED EVENTS

- Heptathlon
 - Day 1
 - 100m Hurdles
 - High Jump
 - Shot put
 - 200m
 - Day 2
 - Long Jump
 - Javelin
 - 800m

- Decathlon
 - Day 1
 - 100m
 - Long Jump
 - Shot put
 - High jump
 - 400m
 - Day 2
 - 110m Hurdles
 - Discus
 - PoleVault
 - Javelin
 - 1500m

FOUNDATIONAL BELIEFS

- Balanced Systems Approach
 - Identify and Advance Strengths
 - Improve/Eliminate Weak Events Over Time
- Comprehensive Understanding of Athlete
- Multi-Event Culture
- Holistic Approach
- 1 Coach Managing the Whole

ATHLETE CHARACTERISTICS

- Height: Men 6'3" / Women 5'9"
- Weight: Men 192 lbs/Women 141 lbs
- Eaton 6-1/185 Joyner-Kersee 5-10 150lbs
- Confident, Emotional Resilience,
 Competitive Spirit, Driven
- Versatility

PERSONAL CENTERED COACHING

- Coach the Person as Well as the Athlete
 - New Generation
 - Emotions/Energy Management*
 - Confidence*
 - Resilience*
 - Autonomy (A Scary Prospect...)
 - Effective Communication
 - Trust

COACHING QUALITIES

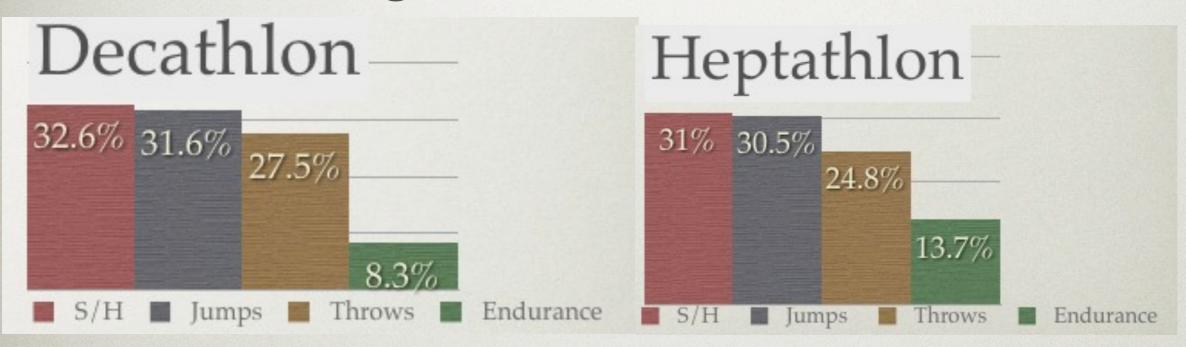
- Make the Complex Simple
- Training Organization
- Think Big Picture but be Detail Oriented
- Understand All Systems of Training
- Persistent Patience
- Exhibit Confidence
- Effective Communicators
- Consider Individual Differences

GETTING ORGANIZED

- Scoring Tables
- Percentage Norms
- Strong Events/Weak Events
- Guides Goals and Training Plan
 - (Monthly/Seasonal/Yearly/Olympiads)

PERCENTAGE NORMS

Percentage Norms (Elite Level Athletes)



- Individual Strength Assessment
 - Big Point Events

OUTLINE OBJECTIVES

Framing Goals

- Qualifying Standards or Scoring Positions
- Average Points Per Event
- Specific Areas of Attention
- Open Event Potential (Conference/ Nationals)

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GLOBAL TRAINING PRINCIPLES

- Organization
 - Commonalities in Training
 - Complementary Training
 - Compatible Training

TRAINING COMMONALITY

- Finding Opportunities to Teach Skills Which Apply to More than One Event
 - Power Positions in Throws
 - Acceleration Mechanics in Sprints/
 Jumps
 - Rhythmic Considerations
 - Direction of Force Application

COMPLEMENTARY TRAINING (SESSIONS)

- Ordering Training Sessions so that the Order of Sessions in a Microcycle Enhances the Ability to Improve in Another Activity
 - Rest & Restorative Activities
 - Shallower or Deeper into Same Pool
 - Day of Working Shot Drills
 Followed by a Day of Full Throwing

COMPATIBLE TRAINING (SESSION)

- Grouping by Neuromuscular Demands
 - Acceleration Work and Multi Throws
- Grouping by Metabolic Demands
 - General Strength Circuits and Tempo Work
- Grouping by Technical Commonality
 - Hurdles and Long Jump/Pole Vault
- Grouping by Ground Contact Times
 - Max Velocity Sprints and Hurdle Hops
- Grouping by Rhythmic Demands
 - High Jump and Javelin Approaches

SKILL DEVELOPMENT

- Posture
 - Head through Pelvis Alignment
- Shin Angles and Foot Placements
 - Acceleration, Max Velocity, Jumps/Throws
- Force Application
- Kinesthetic Awareness: Anchoring and Sense of Body in Space
- Technical Skill Progressed in Parallel
- Teach Across Entire Program

GENERAL PREPARATION PHASE

- Great Importance
- Training to Train-Foundation
- General Skill Development Or Error
 Correction
- Technical Development
- Work Capacity-Recoverability

GENERAL PHASE

- Speed: Acceleration Primary Focus
 - Plant Seeds for Other Speedwork to Follow
- Strength: Postural Integrity-Core Lifts
 - General Strength
- Coordination: Overall Variety of Activities and Technical Skill Progression
- Flexibility: Day to Day-Strength Training Costs
- Work Capacity: Highest Volumes

SPECIFIC PREPARATION PHASE

- Bridges Gap Between General Phase and Competition Phase
- Special Preparation of Systems for Intensity and Demand of Competition
- Overall Volume Declines as Overall Intensity Increases
- Event Skill Refinement

SPECIFIC PHASE

- Speed: Speed Development, Acceleration
- Strength: Power and Max Strength, Special Strength
- Coordination: Special Skills, Complexity
- Flexibility: Maintenance
- Work Capacity: Sum of Total Training Load

COMPETITION PHASE

- Refinement Early in Phase then
 Maintenance of Many Qualities
- Rhythmic Concerns
- High Intensity, Lower Volumes
- Highly Specialized Training
- Peak Management
- Polish and Confidence Management*

COMPETITION PHASE

- Speed: Specialized, High Quality
- Strength: Power and Maintenance of Max Strength
- Coordination: High Velocity Integrity
- Flexibility: Maintenance as Needed
- Work Capacity: Low Volume, General Strength to Facility Recovery Post Competition

OPEN EVENT MANAGEMENT

- Practice Transition Rhythms/Modeling
- Specific "Real Time" Skill Development
- High Intensity / Quality Practice
- Problem Solve
- Process the Experience-Context
- Benefits Overcome Costs

DECATHLON/HEPTATHLON COMPETITION

- 1 Event with Several Chapters
 - Anticipate Needs and Prevent Disasters
 - Solid Performance Focus (Individual)
 - Reducing Stress
 - Have Necessary Equipment for the Day?
 - Highlight Successes-Positivity

MANAGING TRANSITIONS

- Opportunity
- Rhythmic Transitions
- Weather Delays/Long Breaks
- Energy System Transitions
- Focus (Cues)
- Arousal Level Needs per Event

MANAGING TRANSITIONS

- Plan/Routine in Place for All Transitions
 - Process Immediately-Leave in Past
 - Relax-Calm
 - Preparation for Next Event (Strategy)
 - Physical Routine
 - Attentional Focus
 - Arousal Level (Optimal for Event)

REFERENCE

- Kris Grimes
- Scott Hall
- Rick McGuire
- Boo Schexnayder
- Cliff Rovelto



THANK YOU

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